

**Description of Course Unit according to  
the ECTS User's Guide 2015**

Course unit title	<b>Global Production Network and National Innovation System</b>
Course unit code	HI191336
Type of course unit (compulsory, optional)	Optional (Elective)
Level of course unit (according to EQF: first cycle Bachelor, second cycle Master)	First cycle Bachelor
Year of study (if applicable)	
Semester/trimester when the course unit is delivered	6 <sup>th</sup> semester
Number of ECTS credits allocated	4.83 ects
Name of lecturer(s)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Adiasri Putri Purbantina, Ph.D. email: adiasri.hi@upnjatim.ac.id Office hours: mon-fri, 09.00-16.00</li> <li>2. Maria Indira Aryani, M.Hub.Int. email: maria_indira.hi@upnjatim.ac.id Office hours: mon-fri, 09.00-16.00</li> </ol>
Learning outcomes of the course unit	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students demonstrate sufficient knowledge and understanding of global production network</li> <li>2. Students demonstrate sufficient knowledge and understanding of the importance of national innovation system for developing countries</li> <li>3. Students establish critical understandings on the linkage between global production network and national innovation system by evaluating various cases</li> </ol>
Mode of delivery (face-to-face, distance learning)	Face to face / Online learning (ilmu.upnjatim.ac.id)
Prerequisites	

Course contents	<p>For 14 weeks, students will learn:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Connecting GPN and NIS</li> <li>2. Understanding GPN: International Trade and Fragmentation of Production</li> <li>3. MNCs as the Key Actors: Firm Behavior</li> <li>4. Open Economic Regionalism: GPN Expansion</li> <li>5. Connecting Northeast Asia and Southeast Asia</li> <li>6. Middle-Income Trap: What did we missed?</li> <li>7. Economic Backwardness &amp; Latecomers</li> <li>8. Triple-Helix and National Innovation System</li> <li>9. Cases: Japan &amp; South Korea</li> <li>10. Cases: Argentina &amp; Brazil</li> <li>11. Cases: Malaysia &amp; Thailand</li> <li>12. Cases: Indonesia &amp; Vietnam</li> <li>13. Understanding Path-Dependence Problem</li> <li>14. Local Firms</li> </ol>
Recommended or required reading	<p>Required reading:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Purbantina, A. P., 2019a. Technology-Driven Structural Change and the National Science Technology and Innovation Policy in Indonesia: The Problem of Economic Nationalism Discourse. <i>Rangsit Journal of Social Science and Humanities</i>, 6(1), pp. 13-30.</li> <li>2. Taylor, M. Z., 2016. <i>The Politics of Innovation: Why Some Countries are Better than Others at Science and Technology</i>. New York: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>3. Johnson, C., 1982. <i>MITI and the Japanese miracle : the growth of industrial policy, 1925-1975</i>. s.l.:Stanford University Press.</li> <li>4. Amsden, A., 1989. <i>Asia's Next Giant: South Korea and Late Industrialization</i>. New York: Oxford University Press.</li> <li>5. Narula, R. &amp; Dunning, J. H., 2010. Multinational Enterprises, Development and Globalization: Some Clarifications and Research Agenda. <i>Oxford Development Studies (38): 3</i>, pp. 263-287.</li> <li>6. Lall, S. &amp; Narula, R., 2004. Foreign Direct Investment and its Role in Economic Development: Do We Need a New Agenda. <i>The European Journal of Development Research (16): 3</i>, pp. 447-464.</li> <li>7. Fu, X., Pietrobelli, C. &amp; Soete, L., 2011. The Role of Foreign Technology and Indigenous Innovation in the Emerging Economies: Technological Change and Catching-up. <i>World Development (7)</i>, pp. 1204-1212.</li> <li>8. Haggard, S., 2018. <i>Developmental States</i>. s.l.:Cambridge University Press.</li> </ol>

	<p>Optional reading:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>9. Campbell, J. L., 2010. Institutional Reproduction and Change. In: G. Morgan, et al. eds. <i>The Oxford Handbook of Comparative Institutional Analysis</i>. Oxford: Oxford University Press, pp. 87-115.</li> <li>10. David, P. A., 1994. Why are Institutions The 'Carriers of History'? Path Dependence and The Evolution of Conventions, Organizations and Institutions. <i>Structural Change and Economic Dynamics</i>, 12, 5(2), pp. 205-220.</li> <li>11. Neilson, J., Pritchard, B. &amp; Yeung, H. W.-c., 2014. Global Value Chains and Global Production Networks in the Changing International Political Economy: An Introduction. <i>Review of International Political Economy</i>, 21(1), pp. 1-8.</li> <li>12. ASEAN-Japan Centre, 2019. <i>Global Value Chains in ASEAN: A Regional Perspective (Revised)</i>, Tokyo: ASEAN-Japan Centre.</li> <li>13. UNIDO, 2015. <i>The Role of Technology and Innovation in Inclusive and Sustainable Industrial Development</i>, Vienna: United Nations Industrial Development Organization.</li> <li>14. Gerschenkron, A., 1962. <i>Economic backwardness in historical perspective : a book of essays</i>. s.l.:Belknap Press of Harvard University Press.</li> <li>15. Ulrich, H., 1991. <i>State Policies and Techno-Industrial Innovation</i>. New York: Routledge.</li> </ol>
Planned learning activities and teaching methods	<p>Lecture and blended-learning consists of discussions, case studies and project-based examination.</p> <p>Mid-term exam : 500 words essay Final exam: 2000 words essay</p>
Language of instruction	Indonesia-English
Work placement(s)	N/A